Eight Optically-Isolated Digital Inputs - Pulse, Frequency, Timer, Count

- Security sensors
- Machine status
- Button/Switch inputs
- Interface with controllers such as PLCs
- Flow meter
- Item/Event counter
- Measure uptime
- Measure pulse duration
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Revision</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>Initial release</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.1</td>
<td>Changed max input frequency from 400Hz to 200Hz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.2</td>
<td>Changed minimum pulse time from 2mS to 2.5mS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.3</td>
<td>Updated input formula</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Section 1: Introduction

The X-15s™ expansion module is used in conjunction with the X-600M controller. The X-15s has eight optically-isolated digital inputs. The isolated inputs are suitable for use in industrial environments and allow the grounding system of the monitored equipment and the low voltage circuits of the X-15s to be electrically separate. Internally the X-15s has a co-processor which provides enhanced features including: pulse counting, pulse duration, accumulated pulse time and frequency measurements. All 8 inputs have separate measurements. Programmable de-bounce timers allow glitches and short pulses to be filtered out. One or more X-15s 8-input expansion modules can be connected to a X-600M control module with a ribbon cable. The ribbon cable provides both power and communications.

The X-600M is a multifunction web-enabled industrial I/O controller. It performs control, logic, and monitoring functions similar to that of a Programmable Logic Controller (PLC). However, unlike a PLC, the X-600M is designed for web-based applications from the ground up. No add-on software or hardware is required. The X-600M can be fully configured, programmed and tested using its built-in web server. The web setup pages are intuitive and easy to use and do not require special programming skills.

The X-600M together with the X-15s provide an easy, flexible and reliable way to monitor the state of sensors and devices over a network. The X-15s is suitable for use with security systems, freezer doors, light switches and water meters – anywhere where remote sensing is required.

The X-15s' inputs can be used to trigger email alerts based on a single change of state or after a number of state changes. The inputs can also be used as counters, or can be used to control the relay contacts of other ControlByWeb™ products (such as WebRelay™) that are located at a remote location.
1.1 Connectors & Indicators

**Digital Inputs**

The X-15s has eight optically-isolated digital inputs. The inputs are connected in pairs with a common return (negative) connection for each pair. A 12-position plug-in screw terminal makes it easy to make the wiring connections. The optically-isolated inputs provide 3KV electrical isolation between the digital inputs and the low voltage control circuits of the X-600M.

**Expansion Bus**

The expansion bus allows for a family of expansion modules to be connected directly to the X-600M without the need for an Ethernet switch. The cable can be a daisy chain with multiple connectors. The ribbon cable expansion bus provides both power and communications connections.

**Power Supply**

The expansion bus can provide up to 1.7 Amps for powering up to 32 expansion modules; however, the maximum number of expansion modules depends on the module type and power source attached to the X-600M.

The X-15s employs modern switch-mode power supply. With this type of power supply the current draw decreases as the voltage increases; therefore, you can add more expansion modules by using a 24-volt power supply than you can with a 12-volt power supply. See the X-600M User Manual for more details.

**Indicators**

The green Power LED indicator is illuminated whenever the module is powered. To identify the module during installation, the X-600M can send a blink command which will cause the power LED to blink for three seconds. Eight yellow LEDs indicate the status of the digital inputs and are illuminated when a voltage is applied to the respective opto-coupler.

1.2 Part Numbers and Accessories

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Accessory</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Part Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>X-15s</td>
<td>8-channel digital input module, 4-26VDC inputs</td>
<td>X-15s</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spare Connector</td>
<td>12-position, screw-terminal connector</td>
<td>X-1803675</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
1.3 Measurement Functions

Input State
This register is the current (asynchronously sampled) status of the digital inputs.

High Time
These registers measure the pulse width of the most recent pulse. These are 32-bit values with a resolution of 0.977mS. \((1/1024 \times 2^{32} = 4,194,304 \text{ seconds max.})\) The registers are reset with a rising edge, are updated while the input is asserted and remain unchanged until the next rising edge. The counters are qualified by the respective de-bounce timer settings.

ON Time
These registers measure the accumulated (total) time the respective inputs are asserted. If the input is configured for rising edge pulses the counters advance when the opto-couplers are ON. If the input is configured for falling edge pulses the counters advance when the opto-couplers are OFF. The On-Time counters do nothing when the edge is set to both rise and fall. These counters are 32-bit values with a resolution of 0.977mS. \((1/1024 \times 2^{32} = 4,194,304 \text{ seconds max})\). The input state for the On-Time counters is polled at a 1024Hz rate and are not qualified by the respective de-bounce timer settings.

This measurement could be used to measure the total operating time of a pump or machine. The measurement would indicate the total hours the pump or machine has operated since the On-Time register was reset.

Count
These registers measure the total number of pulse transitions (rise, fall or both) that have occurred on the respective inputs. The counters are qualified by the respective de-bounce timer settings. The counters are 32-bit which allows operation with paddle-wheel flow meters and other devices which output a large number of pulses.

Frequency
These registers measure the total number of pulses that have occurred over a 1.00 second interval. The measurement is updated precisely once per second. Since the event counters are qualified by the respective de-bounce timer settings, the frequency measurements are also qualified by the de-bounce settings.

Note: If the count mode is set to rise and fall the resulting frequency measurement will be the number of rise and fall edges that have occurred in 1-second.

De-bounce Time
The high-time, count and frequency functions employ a de-bounce timer for each input. The internal processor periodically polls the input state. If the appropriate edge (rise, fall or both) is detected, a timer is initialized to the respective de-bounce value. If the input state subsequently changes (a glitch) the timer is restarted. When the input stabilizes, the debounce timer eventually expires and the appropriate high-time or event counter is advanced.
Section 2: Installation and Connections

Installation consists of mounting the X-15s and connecting it to an X-600M controller with a 10-conductor ribbon cable. Programming and testing is done by using a web browser to configure the web pages, inputs, and outputs for your specific needs.

2.1 Installation Guidelines

- This unit must be installed by qualified personnel.
- This unit must not be installed in unprotected outdoor locations.
- This unit must not be used for medical, life saving purposes, or for any purpose where its failure could cause serious injury or the loss of life.
- This unit must not be used in any way where its function or failure could cause significant loss or property damage.

2.2 Mounting

X-15s can be mounted to a standard (35mm by 7.55mm) DIN-Rail. Normally expansion modules are mounted to the left side (embossed logo side of the enclosure) of the X-600M controller so that the ribbon cable doesn't cover the power connector. The X-15s should be located in a clean, dry location where it is protected from the elements. Ventilation is recommended for installations where high ambient air temperatures are expected to be high. See Appendix D: Mechanical Information for additional mechanical details.

2.2.1 DIN-Rail Mounting

Attach the X-15s to the DIN-Rail by hooking the top hook on the back of the enclosure to the DIN-Rail and then snap the bottom hook into place. To remove the X-15s from the DIN-Rail, use a flat-head screwdriver. Insert the screwdriver into the notch in the release tab and pry against the enclosure to release the bottom hook.
2.3 Making Connections

CAUTION: Make sure the power is shut off before making connections

CAUTION: This unit should be installed by a qualified technician.

CAUTION: Miswiring or misconfiguration could cause permanent damage to the X-15s, the equipment to which it is connected, or both.

A removable terminal connector is provided for making the power connections. The correct wiring procedure is as follows:

1. Make sure power is turned off.
2. Remove the terminal connector from the X-15s and make wiring connections to the terminals. This technique avoids stressing the internal components while torquing the screws.
3. Reconnect the terminal connector.
4. Apply power.

It is recommended that any load (device to be controlled) not be connected to the expansion modules until after the X-600M has been configured and tested. By doing this, wiring and configuration mistakes will not cause the load device to turn on unexpectedly.

Make certain the wires are properly inserted into to the terminals and that the screws are tight.

Wire Specification:

Use wire rated for 75°C (min) for connections to the terminal blocks

Connector Specifications:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>12-position, removable, 3.81 mm pitch</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Connection wire</td>
<td>Use wire rated for 75°C (min) for connections to the terminal blocks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stripping Length</td>
<td>7mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Connection capacity</td>
<td>1.5mm² stranded, 1.5mm² solid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conductor minimum</td>
<td>30AWG (UL/CUL)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conductor maximum</td>
<td>14 AWG (UL/CUL)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conductor Type</td>
<td>Copper</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tightening torque</td>
<td>0.22 Nm (min), 0.25 Nm (max)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Terminal</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>In1+</td>
<td>Input 1+ This is the positive side of the optically-isolated input.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>In2+</td>
<td>Input 2+ This is the positive side of the optically-isolated input.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>In1&amp;2-</td>
<td>Input 1- &amp; 2- This is the negative side of the opto-isolators for inputs 1 and 2.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>In3+</td>
<td>Input 3+ This is the positive side of the optically-isolated input.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>In4+</td>
<td>Input 4+ This is the positive side of the optically-isolated input.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>In3&amp;4-</td>
<td>Input 3- &amp; 4- This is the negative side of the opto-isolators for inputs 3 and 4.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>In5+</td>
<td>Input 5+ This is the positive side of the optically-isolated input.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>In6+</td>
<td>Input 6+ This is the positive side of the optically-isolated input.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>In5&amp;6-</td>
<td>Input 5- &amp; 6- This is the negative side of the opto-isolators for inputs 5 and 6.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>In7+</td>
<td>Input 7+ This is the positive side of the optically-isolated input.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>In8+</td>
<td>Input 8+ This is the positive side of the optically-isolated input.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>In7&amp;8-</td>
<td>Input 7- &amp; 8- This is the negative side of the opto-isolators for inputs 7 and 8.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2.4 Optically-Isolated Input Connections

Internally each input is connected thru a current limiting resistor directly to an opto-isolator. No external resistor is necessary as long as the input signal is within the proper range. With the X-600M, the optically-isolated inputs can be used to control relays and remote relays (over the network), or simply to monitor the state of a discrete device. To use these inputs, connect a DC control voltage directly to the input, and set up the input function using the configuration pages.

2.4.1 DC Inputs

With DC inputs, no external components are required as long as the maximum input voltage is not exceeded (See Specifications). A DC voltage can be reduced with an external resistor of the appropriate value and power rating to reduce the input current. See Section 3.2.

2.4.2 AC Inputs

If an AC signal voltage needs to be detected, use a signal conditioner to convert the AC signal to a DC voltage within the input range. An AC signal conditioner can be made using a diode (or bridge rectifier) and a capacitor. Prepackaged signal converters are available as accessories at industrial automation distributors. A simple voltage converter module manufactured by [www.redlion.net](http://www.redlion.net) is shown below. These are available in two input voltage ranges that cover the spectrum from 4-270VAC/DC. These devices have a MOSFET output (solid state DC contact closure) which is compatible with the X-15s input. The converter module accepts AC (50/60 Hz) or DC voltages at input cycles up to 30 Hz. The converter provides isolation between the input and output using an opto-isolator. You must provide a voltage source for the input of the X-15s as shown in the example below:
Section 3: Example Applications

3.1 Monitor a gate position over an IP network

The illustration below shows an example of using the X-15s to monitor the status of a gate or door over an IP network. The status of the device is detected with a switch. These type of sensors are called “dry contacts” in that the device output is a bare switch with no power source. A voltage source for the dry-contact switch must be provided (this could be via the power supply for the X-600M).

3.2 Monitor a sensor with a high voltage output

The digital inputs are connected internally through a current-limiting resistor directly to a photo-coupler circuit. The inputs are connected in pairs with a common return (negative) connection for each pair.

To monitor a DC voltage that is greater than the input rating of the X-15s, a series resistor can be used to reduce the input current.
Each digital input has an internal 3K ohm resistor. The forward voltage drop of the photo-coupler is approximately 1.2V and works well with an input current of 9mA. Use the following formula to determine the resistor value needed for other voltage ranges:

\[ R = \frac{(V_{in} - 1.2)}{0.009} - 3000 \]

Where:
- \( R \) = External resistor value required
- \( V_{in} \) = Desired input voltage
- 1.2V = forward voltage drop of the LED in the photo coupler
- .009A = workable LED current
- 3000 ohm = Internal resistor

For example:
To connect a 48VDC signal voltage to the X-15s:

\[ R = \frac{(48 - 1.2)}{0.009} - 3000 = 2200 \text{ ohms} \]

Check the power dissipated by the resistor:

\[ P = I \times I \times R, \text{ The resistor must be at least } 0.009 \times 0.009 \times 2200 = 0.18 \text{ Watts, so use a 1/2 Watt resistor.} \]

### 3.3 Monitor the digital outputs of a PLC

The illustration below shows a simple example connecting the digital outputs from a PLC to an X-15s Input Module. In this example the voltage for the inputs is provided by the PLC so no other excitation voltage is needed.
3.4 Bridge switches to a remote location

The illustration below shows an example where digital signals are bridged to a remote location on the network. A control voltage applied to the X-15s input module controls relay contacts of a WebRelay-Quad™ (or any other ControlByWeb devices) at a remote location. 

In this example three switches are connected to an X-15s and a remote WebRelay-Quad controls three indicator lights. The switches and indicator lights can be in separate buildings. With this setup the high/low liquid level of a tank could be monitored at a remote location.

This type of setup allows for switches to be placed far away from the devices they control, and sensors to sound alarms at distant locations.

**Note:** For dry contact switches, a voltage source must be provided (this could be via the power supply for the X-600M).
Section 4: Configuration and Setup

4.1 Setup Example

The Quick Start Demo
After making the power and Ethernet connections, the X-600M can automatically scan for the presence of any ControlByWeb™ Ethernet devices (on the same sub-net) and also for any expansion modules connected to the X-600M via the ribbon-cable connector. It also automatically creates a dashboard web page and populates it with all of the resources (components) supported by the Ethernet devices and expansion modules. This makes it easy to start experimenting with the web page's user interface and to try out the relays and sensors.

To quickly add a device do the following:

1. Click on the Devices menu tab to pull up the Devices Overview page. Then click on the Find New Devices button to scan the expansion bus and the local network for ControlByWeb devices and expansion modules.

2. In this example we are going to add an X-15s 8 Digital Input expansion module. Click the Add button for the X-15s.
3. In the Select column, click the checkboxes of the I/O components you would like to configure and select the Create Device Widget checkbox (This will display the status of the I/O on the Dashboard).

Click **Add Checked I/O** to submit these changes.

4. Click **Commit Settings** - Once clicked, the X-600M begins to monitor the newly added device.

5. On the main menu, click the **View Dashboards** menu tab. The **View Dashboards** page shows a display similar to what users will see when accessing the X-600M's control page. The status for all eight digital inputs should be shown. Use this page to test and debug the dashboards, panels, widgets and components in real time. A pull-down menu allows access to other dashboards. Within minutes you can
experience the power and flexibility of the dashboard’s user interface and experiment/test the buttons, sliders, and data entry boxes to meet your needs for your specific application.
Appendix A: Specifications

Power Requirements

Input Voltage: 9-28 VDC (power is supplied via the expansion bus cable, 24V recommended)
Current: See table below for typical values at 25°C

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Power Supply</th>
<th>Opto-couplers OFF</th>
<th>Opto-couplers ON</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>9 VDC</td>
<td>17 mA</td>
<td>88 mA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12 VDC</td>
<td>13 mA</td>
<td>66 mA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24 VDC</td>
<td>8 mA</td>
<td>36 mA</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Digital Inputs

Number of Inputs: 8
Minimum Pulse Time (high or low): 2.5mS
Input Current (Iin): 950uA @ 4V, 8.5mA @ 26V
Isolation (Viso): 3,000 Vrms
Reverse voltage (Vr): 6V max
Vin: 26V (max)
Vin Hi: 4V (min)
Vin Lo: 3V (max)

Measurement Functions

Input State: Asynchronous status of the digital inputs
High Time: Pulse width (4,194,304 seconds max)
On Time: Accumulated time an input is asserted (4,194,304 seconds max)
Count: Total number of transitions (32-bit)
Frequency: 1Hz min, 200 Hz max
Edge Trigger: Rising, Falling or Both
De-bounce Time: 0.9mS min, 63 sec max

Connector

Type: 12-position, removable, 3.81 mm pitch
Connection wire: Use wire rated for 75°C (min) for connections to the terminal blocks
Stripping Length: 7mm
Connection capacity: 1.5mm² stranded, 1.5mm² solid
Conductor minimum: 30AWG (UL/CUL)
Conductor maximum: 14 AWG (UL/CUL)
Conductor Type: Copper
Tightening torque: 0.22 Nm (min), 0.25 Nm (max)

(Replacement part number, Phoenix Contact 1803675)

Expansion Connector:

Connector: Ribbon cable, 2x5-position, polarized 0.100” pitch
Communications: RS-485
LED Indicators
Green: Power On
Yellow: Input 1 thru 8

Environmental
Indoor use or NEMA-4 protected location
Altitude: up to 2000m
Operating Temperature: -40ºC to 65.5ºC (-40ºF to 150ºF)
Storage Temperature: -40ºC to 85ºC (-40ºF to 185ºF)
Humidity: 5-95%, non-condensing

Mechanical
Size: 1.41 x 3.88 x 3.1 in. (35.7 x 98.5 x 78 mm), (not including connector)
Weight: 4.8 oz (136 g)

Electromagnetic Compliance
IEC CISPR 22, CISPR 24
FCC 47CFR15 (Class B)
EN55024 ITE Immunity (2010)
EN55022 Emissions (2010)

Product Safety Compliance
UL 61010-1 (Electrical Equipment for Measurement, Control, and Laboratory Use)
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Appendix D: FCC Statement

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- This device may not cause harmful interference.
- This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Warning

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause interference to radio communications. There is no guarantee, however, that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into a relay on a circuit different from where the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Notice

Changes or modification not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user’s authority to operate the equipment.
Appendix E: Mechanical Dimensions

M36 (35mm) DIN Rail

USE #8 PAN HEAD SCREWS